

# EGRESSES PROFILE OF INCA'S COURSES: POSTGRADUATE LATO SENSU AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION

Luiz Claudio Santos Thuler; Anke Bergmann; Ismar Lima Cavalcanti; João Maurício Brambati Sant'Ana; Magda Côrtes Rodrigues Rezende

Brazilian National Cancer Institute José Alencar Gomes da Silva

## INTRODUCTION

Among the main objectives of the Brazilian National Cancer Institute José Alencar Gomes da Silva (INCA) stands out the professional education at all levels of care in the field of Oncology.

## OBJECTIVE

To describe the importance of the publications about preventiTo determine the profile of the egresses of post-graduation courses and technical level of the Institute, in the period 2002-2009.

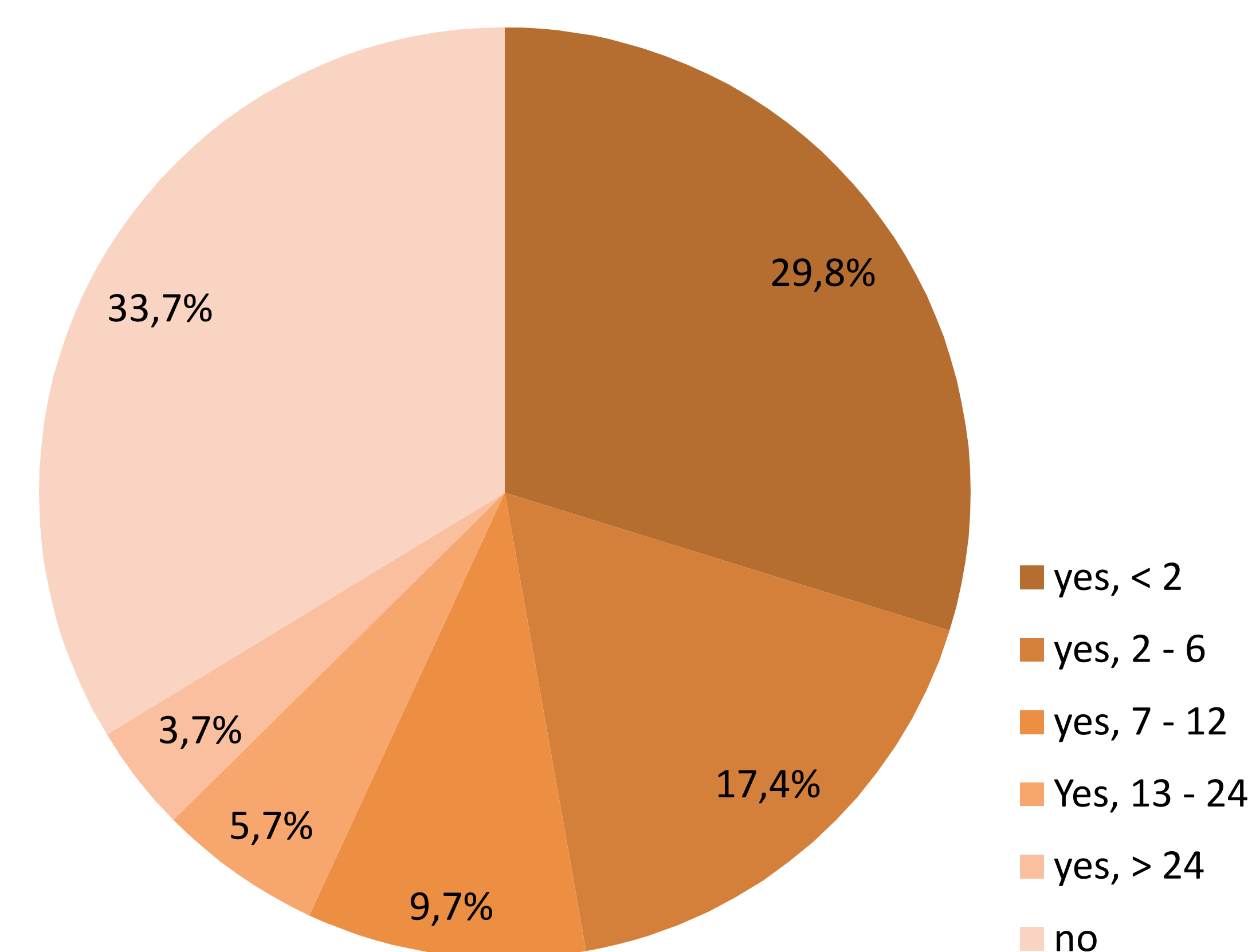
## METHODS

Cross-sectional, descriptive and exploratory study, using a structured self administered questionnaire with closed and open questions.

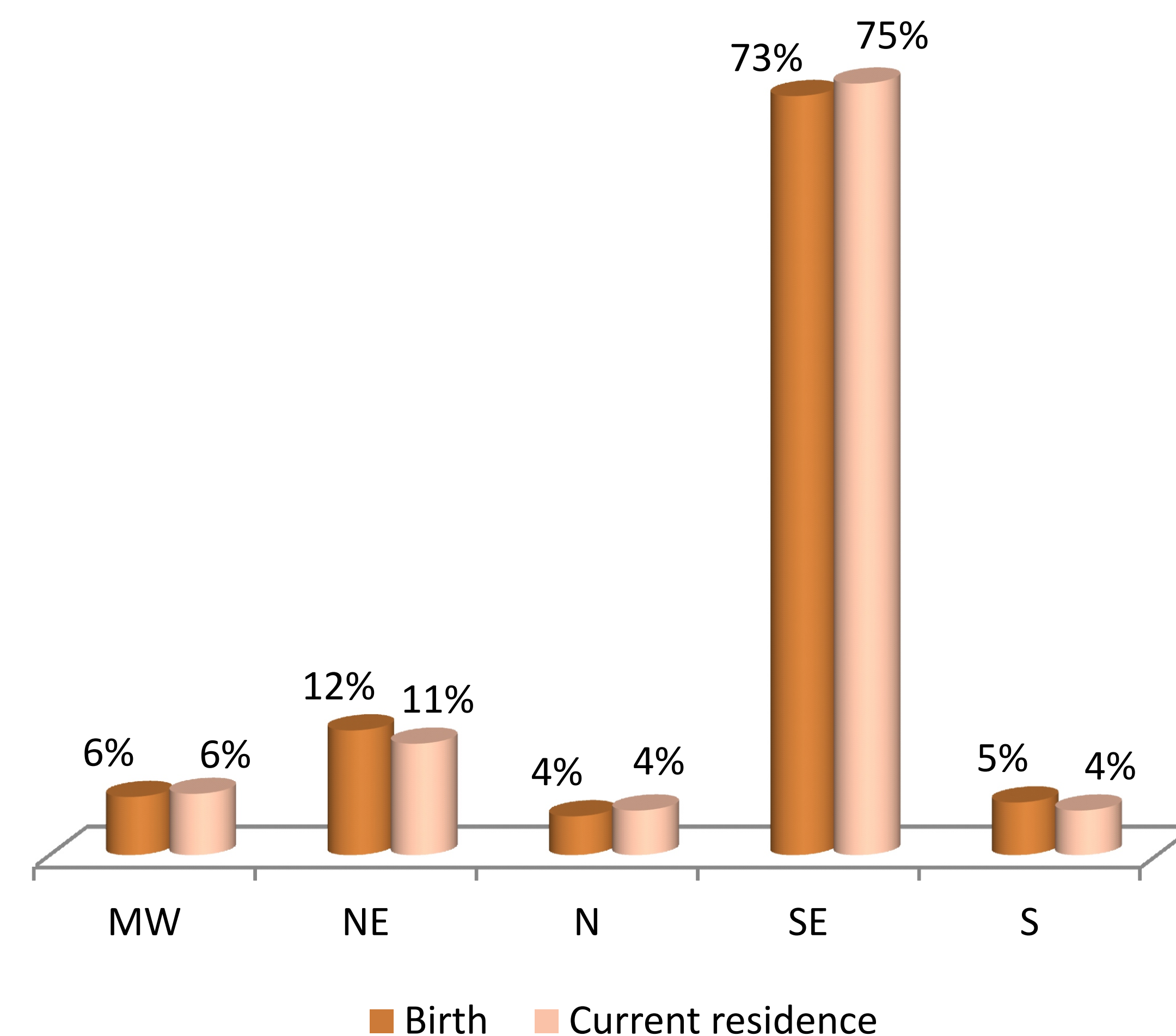
## RESULTS

There were 375 completed questionnaires, 23.6% of all egresses of the period. The course was appraised as excellent for 57.9%, good for 38.4%, sufficient in 2.7% and bad for 1.1% the egresses. About 80% had full opportunity to apply the knowledge acquired in INCA in their professional practice, while only 2.9% had not, 66.3% percent found jobs in the area of oncology, 47.2% in the 6 months succeeding the conclusion of the course (Figure 1), 48.4% found jobs in the city and 35.1% in the state where they lived before the course starts.

Most egresses were natural from the Southeast (73%) and remains living in the same region after the end of the course (75%). North, South, Midwest and Northeast showed, respectively, 4%, 4%, 6% and 11% of egresses exercising professional activities (Figure 2).



**Figure 1** – Ratio of egresses who found job in the area of oncology and time (in months) to achieve. INCA, 2002-2009.



**Figure 2** – Place of birth and current residence of egresses by Region of Brazil, INCA 2002-2009.

## CONCLUSION

In general, the quality of the courses was considered excellent in the aspects studied. Two indicators can be highlighted as likely to improve: promoting measures to ensure satisfactory orientation of TCCs and scientific update of preceptors and supervisors.